LOGOS



The Greek sense of the "word" was derived from a belief of a hidden order in the universe, the platonic idea of **pure forms** towards which all matter was driven.

Thus, Jesus made the word flesh.

This concept continued forth until the renaissance (when Aristotelian logic became more prevalent), and so as a root it is ubiquitous (everywhere), and serves as a prefix (logographic), a suffix (biology, monologue), and shares a root with words such as law, legal, lecture, lesson, lexicon, intellect and intelligence.

"If you do your homework and come to class every day, the cumulative exposure to the material will lead you to a greater ability in solving its problems."

"Learning English will provide benefits that more than compensate for the time and energy put into it."

ETHOS



The study of **morals** and the **quality** of having a **moral** philosophy and **character**. A writer or speaker's **character** is based on **credibility** and **trust**.

But what is moral (right or wrong) is relative to each culture and custom, so the ethos of an academic are not the same as the ethos of a politician. And while the credibility of politicians is founded on an agreement with their views, academics strive for purer logos and/or credentials.

The root of ethos is a cousin of ethnic and idiom; it is the source of the words ethics and etiquette, but pronunciation varies:

 $^{\dagger}i\theta$ ps, $^{\dagger}i\theta$ ous, $^{\dagger}\epsilon\theta$ ps

"You will do your homework because that is what is expected of a student at this school and also because I, your superior, am telling you to."

"Learning English will provide you with more respectability and greater insight into academic culture."

PATHOS



Suffering and feeling and experience.

Academia is suspicious of the use of pathos precisely because it is so effective.

As the wide mouth of the vase above suggests, it sways more people; thus, it is base and not reflective of scientific truth and pure form.

This may be why Americans have developed the special sense of pathetic which means ridiculous and unworthy of sympathy or consideration.

Its family includes **passion**, the sense of **feeling** in the suffixes of empathy, apathy, antipathy, and the sense of **suffering** in the prefix of **patho**logy and the suffixes of psychopath and sociopath.

"If you don't do your homework, you will look like a loser in front of the other classmates and bring shame to your parents."

"Learning English brings a very rewarding sense of achievement."